## The International Multidisciplinary Thyroid & Parathyroid Meeting

Lone 16-17th, 2011. Venue: The Royal College of Surgeons of England, London, UK. Report by: George Garas, BSc(Hons), MBBS(Dist), MRCS(Eng), DOHNS, Core Trainee 2 in Baryngology and Head & Neck Surgery, St Mary's Hospital, Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust, London, UK.

he first International Multidisciplinary Thyroid
& Parathyroid Meeting proved a great success.
Organised by a multidisciplinary committee
sting of an Otorhinolaryngologist and Head & Neck
ean (Mr Neil Tolley, St Mary's Hospital — Chair), an
stine Surgeon (Mr Fausto Palazzo, Hammersmith
stall and an Endocrinologist (Dr James Ahlquist,
mend University Hospital) it addressed all aspects of
d and parathyroid disease. These ranged from
science and genetics to medical and surgical
agement of endocrine and neoplastic diseases as
elate to the thyroid and parathyroid glands. Topics

secates attending from all over the world.

as medico-legal aspects of thyroid surgery, revision

surgery, where delegates were given the

surgery to ask world authorities difficult questions from their clinical practice.

surgery and revision revision was reflected by the fact that both

surgery and delegates originated from various backgrounds including

surgery, endocrine surgery, endocrinology,

surgery, endocrine surgery, endocrinology,

surgery, the meeting was truly international with both the faculty and

the faculty assembled was second to none, consisting of the greatest names





in Thyroid & Parathyroid Surgery in the international setting. These included Profs Gregory Randolph (Harvard Medical School, USA), Ashok Shaha (Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, USA), Leigh Delbridge (Sydney Medical School, Australia) and Paolo Miccoli (Pisa Medical School, Italy).

The turnout was outstanding (more than 200 delegates on both days) and the lecture programme very carefully structured with the first day devoted to thyroid disease and the second day to parathyroid disease. The meeting proved a huge success as illustrated by the delegates' feedback who in their majority found it 'extremely educational and very stimulating'.

Web: www.aesculap-academia.co.uk/ Next meeting: To be confirmed (in 2 years' time).

## Tissue Engineering in the Auditory System: paving the way from basic science to clinical practice

2nd June, 2011. Venue: The Royal Society, London, UK. Report by: Douglas EH Hartley MBBS, DPhil, FRCS(ORL-HNS), Associate Professor and Consultant Otologist, Nottingham

SORS: Action on Hearing loss (formerly RNID), British Society of Society of Society of Otology, European Academy of Otology and Neuro-Otology, European Service Foundation, MEL-EL, Advanced Bionics and Cochlear.

his conference aimed at clinicians and scientists was organised by Gerard O'Donoghue, Marcelo Rivolta and the Ear Foundation to disseminate research and foster advancements within this promising The meeting opened by welcoming attendees, including the guest of Richard Ramsden. The first speaker, Robin Ali, described retinal repair via anted photoreceptor cells. He showed morphological evidence that and cells integrate with host retinal cells and, compellingly, behavioural sence of visual restoration in mice. Helge Rask Anderson introduced the and the task facing tissue regeneration within the auditory system. Through econmicroscopy, he showed normal cochlear ultrastructure and neuronal cology in stunning detail. Subsequently, Andrew Forge gave a realistic w of the complexity and diversity of cochlear reorganisation following hearing Fobert Shepherd then described the rapid loss of spiral ganglion cells (targets and lear implants) following deafness. Interestingly, he suggested that exogenous existrophins infused into the inner ear, in conjunction with cochlear implants, may neural survival. Marcelo Rivolta discussed potential benefits of auditory cells using a model of auditory neuropathy. He found morphological evidence regeneration of ectopic ganglia, and a positive correlation between partiallyered auditory brainstem responses and cell survival.

Suchi Ito discussed drug delivery to the cochlea, including the application of to the round window using hydrogels to protect against hair cell loss such managements. Alessandro Martini speculated about the bright future management for cell and drug delivery to the cochlea. The final speaker, are Kral, described adaptation to hearing loss and cochlear implants within



the central auditory pathway. He showed the auditory brain can respond to other sensory modalities following deafness, and suggested a causal link to 'supranormal' visual abilities amongst deaf individuals. The day was concluded with a lively round table discussion chaired by Alain Uziel.

Compared with progress within the visual system, it seems that regeneration as a potential treatment for hearing loss still has many barriers to overcome. For the foreseeable future cochlear implants seem here to stay and, if tissue regenerative therapies are to be used in clinical practice, initially, it seems likely that they will be an adjuvant to auditory prosthetics, rather than a replacement therapy.

After the meeting, drinks and dinner were served in the Hunterian museum and the council room of the Royal College of Surgeons, respectively. The venue added to the sense of occasion, and provided a formal backdrop to informality of the speeches.

For further information please contact Sue Archbold, Chief Executive, The Ear Foundation, Tel: 0115 942 1985 Email: Sue@earfoundation.org.uk